PURPOSE
To describe policies and procedures for deferring oversight of human research studies conducted by UNM faculty or staff to external Institutional Review Boards (IRBs) and for UNM IRB to serve at the IRB of Record.

REVISIONS FROM PREVIOUS VERSION
Remove reference to IRB registration related to the Final Rule

POLICY
UNM researchers may be involved in research that involves multiple organizations. IRB reliance agreements allow one IRB to review and serve as the single IRB of record (sIRB) for human research that is occurring at multiple sites or research that involves personnel from multiple institutions and documents respective authorities, roles, responsibilities, and communication between organizations. For any collaboration, OIRB staff will evaluate the activities of the UNM faculty, staff or student to determine if those activities engage UNM in human research. OIRB staff will refer to the OHRP document “Guidance on Engagement of Institutions in Human Subjects Research” and SOP 209 UNM Policy on Engagement in Human Research in making the determination. If the activities engage UNM in non-exempt human research, the researcher’s involvement in the collaboration may not begin until the UNM IRB has approved the research or until an agreement to rely on another IRB is negotiated and that IRB has granted final approval.

As of 1/25/2018, all NIH-funded multi-site projects involving non-exempt human research are required to utilize a sIRB for the review of human research protections. The NIH policy applies to:
- NIH-sponsored multi-site projects, where the same protocol is used at multiple sites
- U.S. sites only

Awardee organizations are responsible for ensuring authorization agreements are in place and that documentation is maintained. Sites are expected to utilize sIRB, but may conduct reviews in accordance with NIH policy. Only the IRB review functions will be handled centrally. Related local functions (e.g., ancillary committee review, conflict of interest (COI) disclosure, other required institutional approvals) remain with the individual participating institutions. The conduct and reporting of the research remain the project team's responsibility. For NIH funded multi-site projects, UNM researchers must contact the OIRB to set up a meeting prior to proposal submission to determine which IRB should serve as the sIRB and to discuss researcher responsibilities (see below).

This SOP discusses the circumstances in IRB reliance may occur and the process by which this is done. An external IRB may also be used to provide oversight of human research that the UNM IRB does not have the appropriate expertise to review.
Criteria for Reliance on an External IRB

1. Decisions on whether to rely on an external IRB or serve as the sIRB for multi-site projects will be based on funding, the location and experience level of the principal investigator, the risk level of the research, the location of the participant population, the extent of the procedures performed at UNM, the IRB policies and procedures at the collaborating institution(s) and the scope of existing agreements.

2. The OIRB will confirm that the external IRB has relevant expertise to review the project. When the research is greater than minimal risk, UNM typically requires the external IRB to be AAHRPP-accredited. The following criteria must be met:
   a. The institution who’s IRB will serve as IRB of record has a current federal-wide assurance (FWA) with OHRP.
   b. The IRB is in good standing with OHRP (no recent warning letters, no open investigations).
   c. The IRB conducts its review consistent with applicable ethical standards, laws and regulations. The policies and procedures of the IRB will be reviewed to determine compliance with the regulations, as appropriate.

3. The OIRB Director is responsible for facilitating and maintaining IRB reliance agreements, in consultation with the Institutional Official (IO) or designee as needed. Reliance agreements may pertain to individual project or to a defined group of projects.

RESPONSIBILITIES
Execution of SOP: OIRB Staff, IO or designee, Researcher

PROCEDURE
Reliance on External IRB

1. Researchers must consult with the OIRB about reliance on an external IRB.

2. To request a deferral, researchers submit a request for external IRB review in IRBNet. The submission should include a Request for External IRB Review form, the Project Information form, the protocol (or proposal), and project team list with current CITI certificates and verification of COI disclosure for each UNM project team member. The protocol or proposal must clearly specify each site’s role in the project. Additional documents may be requested.

3. The OIRB Director or designee will perform an administrative review of the research materials. The purpose of the review is to determine exemption status, consider issues of local context and to make a final decision about reliance on the external IRB. Local context issues include, but are not limited to, local and state laws, institutional policies, community standards, researcher credentials, resources to ensure safety and welfare of participants (such as adequate facilities and equipment, staff training, medical or psychosocial resources), tribal review and demographics/cultural issues of the local population.

4. UNM will not defer a project to the oversight of an external IRB until all UNM project team members are current with regard to annual UNM COI disclosure requirements and all ancillary institutional reviews, such as biosafety, radiation safety, etc. have been completed.

5. When a project team member has a COI related to the research, deferral arrangements will not be finalized until a decision memo or management plan has been approved by the UNM COI Committee. This memo and/or plan must be provided to the IRB of record. UNM reserves the right not to defer to an external IRB when a COI management plan or other stipulations are required.
6. The UNM researcher will be notified of the decision via the signed Request for External Review form and Deferral Letter in IRBNet. If necessary, OIRB staff will communicate with the external IRB about any applicable state laws governing the research, local requirements for the informed consent document, approvals by ancillary committees and other topics related to local context. Relevant changes in local policies, laws or requirements will be communicated to the external IRB as needed.

7. When reliance on the external IRB is approved, the external IRB becomes the IRB of Record and is responsible for initial review, reviews of amendments, continuing reviews, adverse events, and other reportable information. UNM is responsible for ensuring the project’s continued compliance with the IRB requirements and institutional COI requirements related to human research for UNM affiliated researchers. The IAA outlines the duties and responsibilities of both the relying institution and the reviewing institution.

8. UNM retains the right to revoke a reliance agreement at any time in order to conduct its own IRB review.

Reliance on UNM IRB
1. In circumstances when the UNM IRB serves as the sIRB, the UNM PI is responsible for submitting the project to the IRB for review.
2. The protocol must contain a detailed description of each site’s proposed activities, any information related to local context for each site and any documentation related to individual site review such as COI management plans, ancillary approvals from the institutions, etc.
3. The UNM IRB is responsible for initial review, reviews of amendments, continuing reviews, adverse events, and other reportable information. Individual institutions are responsible for ensuring the project’s continued compliance with the UNM IRB requirements and institutional COI requirements related to human research for their researchers. The IAA outlines the duties and responsibilities of both the relying institution and the reviewing institution.

Researcher Responsibilities
1. The UNM researcher is responsible for knowing and complying with the policies and requirements of the sIRB. Responsibilities include, but are not limited to, completing required human protections training, not enrolling participants until the sIRB has approved the project, obtaining and documenting informed consent as required by the sIRB, reporting unanticipated problems or noncompliance, deviations and participant complaints, complying with requirements for project amendments, continuing reviews, project closure, data security, data monitoring reports and record retention and responding to the sIRB requests in a timely manner.
2. Researchers must also allow the sIRB or OIRB staff to inspect research files for post approval monitoring activities.
3. The UNM researcher must provide the sIRB local contact information for participant complaints and/or injury at local sites and any relevant COI management plans or stipulations.
4. The UNM PI must provide contact information for individual site researchers to obtain answers to questions, express concerns, and convey suggestions regarding the use of the sIRB.
5. The UNM researcher must be aware of any institutional requirements in addition to the approval of the sIRB. The project may not begin until all approvals are obtained. Examples include approvals from ancillary committees, material transfer or data use agreements, or project contracts. Material changes related to COI specific to the project must be submitted according to UNM policy.
6. If the project is deferred, the researcher will provide to the OIRB via IRBNet all IRB related correspondence from the external IRB (including but not limited to approval letters, notices of
suspension or termination, reportable events, etc.) and will submit a Deferred Projects Annual Report to ensure compliance with institutional policy and federal regulations.

7. Additionally, the UNM PI must submit to the sIRB a written plan in the protocol for the management of information that is relevant to the protection of human participants, such as reporting obligations (e.g. unanticipated problems), protocol modifications, and interim results from all participating sites in addition to documentation from any local ancillary review (e.g. radiation safety, etc.).

8. The IRB will evaluate whether the management of information that is relevant to the protection of human participants is adequate.

Institutional Responsibilities

1. Institutional responsibilities regarding collaborative research are outlined in the IAA signed by the participating parties.

2. In the case of serious and/or continuing noncompliance related to collaborative research, the IO has the authority to suspend the involvement of UNM and its researchers.

3. The institution will notify the sIRB of any changes in local institutional policies or researcher status that impacts IRB review.

4. The UNM signatory official on IRB reliance agreements for projects with federal funding or support will be the IO. The signatory official on agreements without federal funding or support will be the OIRB Director.

5. Regardless of whether UNM reviews the research or relies on an external IRB, UNM remains responsible for the safe and appropriate performance of the research conducted at UNM. OIRB staff may conduct quality assurance reviews to confirm that the project is being conducted in compliance with the protocol and the requirements of the sIRB.

REFERENCES

